

# Introduction to Fuzzing

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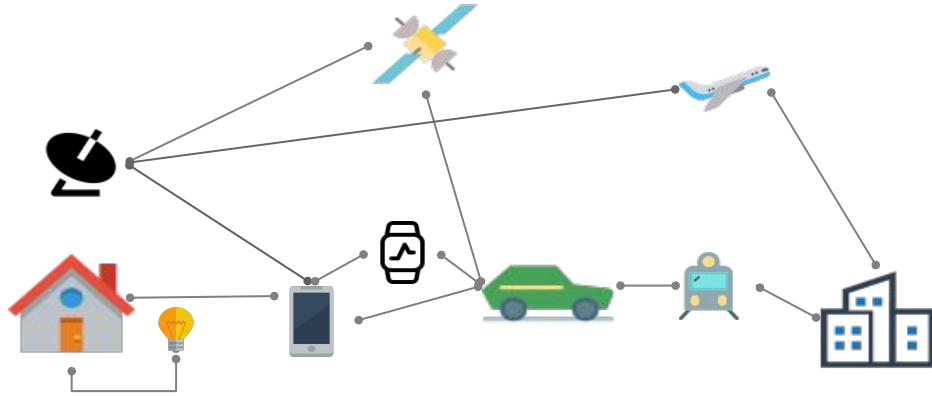
CEA (French Alternative Energies and Atomic Energy Commission)  
Technological Research Division ([CEA Tech](#))



# Content

- Context
- Motivating Example
- Background
- Software Testing
- Fuzzing

# Why do we care?



## Software is everywhere in Society

Attack on French government visa website exposes applicants' data

06 September 2021

Data breach at New York university potentially affects 47,000 citizens

16 August 2021

Singapore eye clinic potentially breaches 73,000 patients' data

27 August 2021

### School district breach

Dallas ISD reports compromise of personal data of students, staff

03 September 2021

# Software Security

- A common entry point for attacks is **software vulnerabilities**.
- **Finding** and **fixing** vulnerabilities before attackers find them.



# Motivating example: buffer overflow

```
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
char buffer[4];
int access;

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    char *input = argv[1];
    char *secret = "pass";

    access = 0;
    strcpy(buffer, input);

    if (strcmp(buffer, secret)==0)
    {
        access = 1;
    }
    if(access)
    {
        printf("\nAccess Granted-->Root access...");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\nAccess Denied!");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

./buggy pass

Access Granted→Root access...

# Motivating example: buffer overflow

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#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
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    }
    return 0;
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```

`./buggy pass`

**Access Granted→Root access...**

`./buggy abcd`

**Access Denied!**

# Motivating example: buffer overflow

```
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
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    }
    return 0;
}
```

**./buggy pass**  
**Access Granted→Root access...**

**./buggy abcd**  
**Access Denied!**

**./buggy abcdefghijk**  
**Access Granted→Root access...**



# Background: Control Flow Graph (CFG)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int num;
    printf("Enter an integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if(num % 2 == 0)
        printf("%d is even.", num);
    else
        printf("%d is odd.", num);

    return 0;
}
```

# Control Flow Graph (CFG)

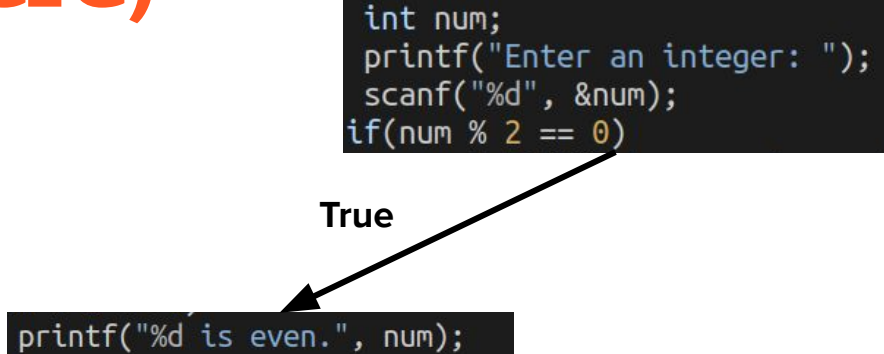
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#include <stdio.h>
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    else
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    return 0;
}
```

```
int num;
printf("Enter an integer: ");
scanf("%d", &num);
if(num % 2 == 0)
```

True

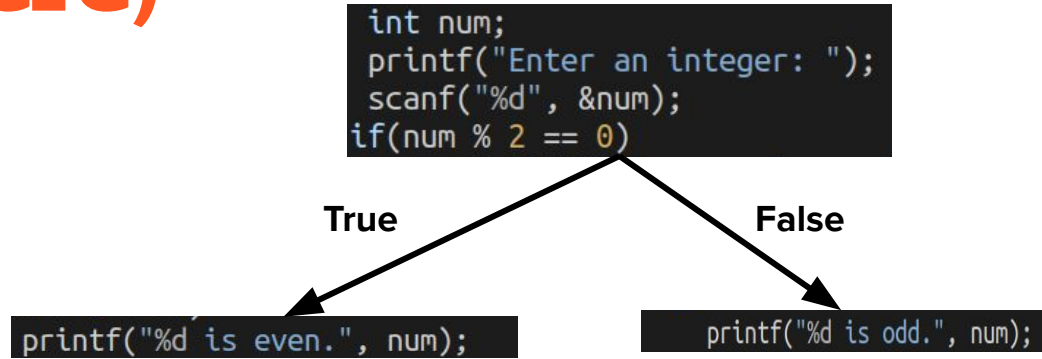
```
printf("%d is even.", num);
```

A control flow graph diagram illustrating the execution path for the 'True' branch of the 'if' statement. It consists of two nodes: the top node contains the code 'int num;', 'printf("Enter an integer: ");', 'scanf("%d", &num);', and 'if(num % 2 == 0)'. An arrow labeled 'True' points from the 'if' statement in this node to a second node below it, which contains the code 'printf("%d is even.", num);'.

# Control Flow Graph (CFG)

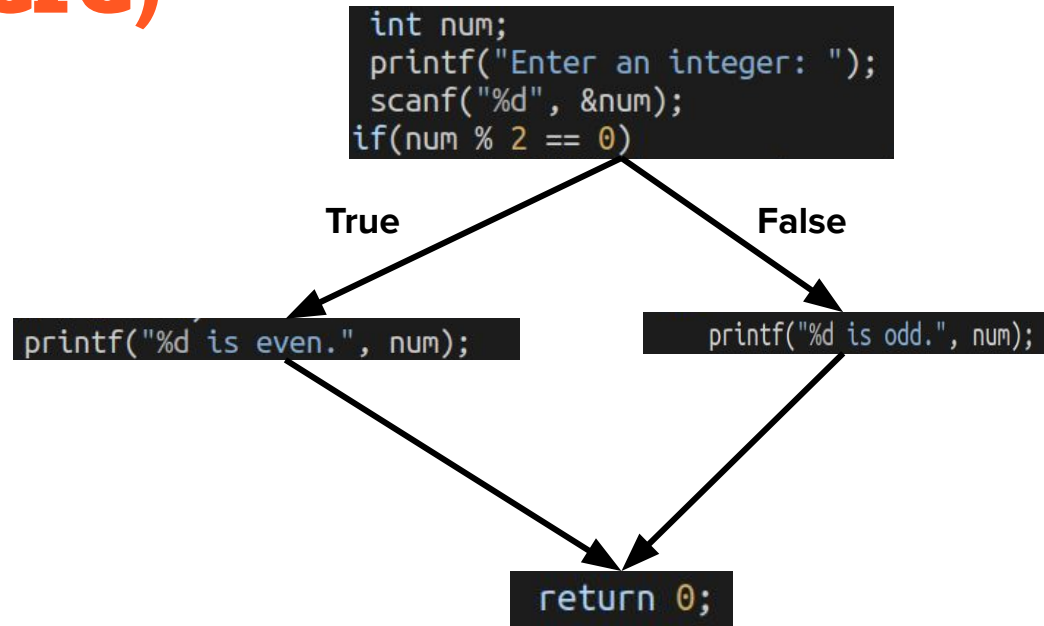
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#include <stdio.h>
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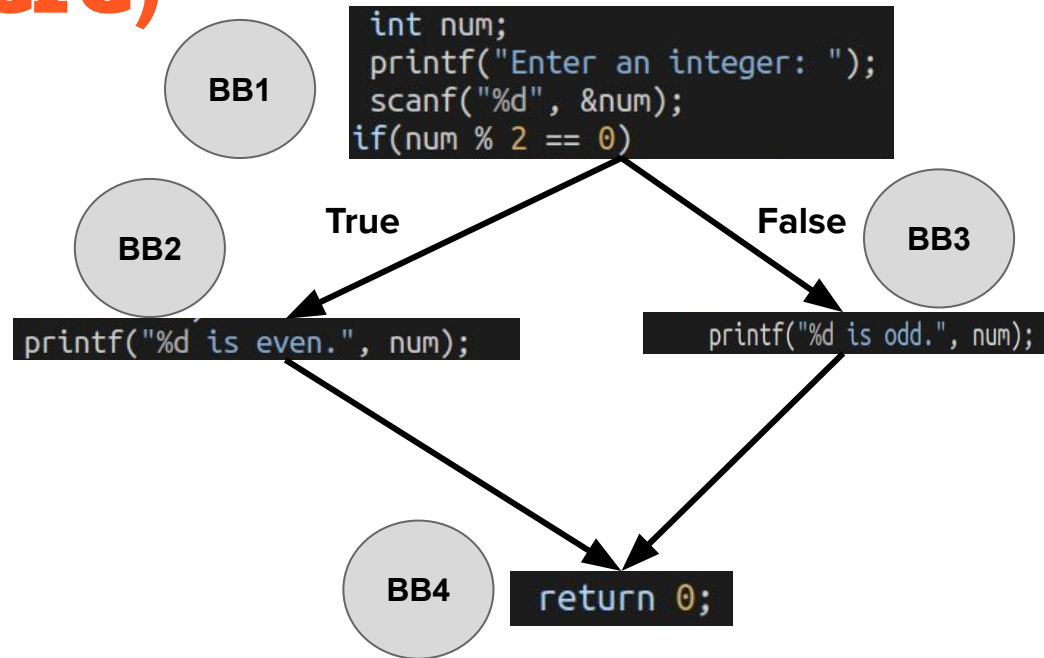
# Control Flow Graph (CFG)

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```



# Control Flow Graph (CFG)

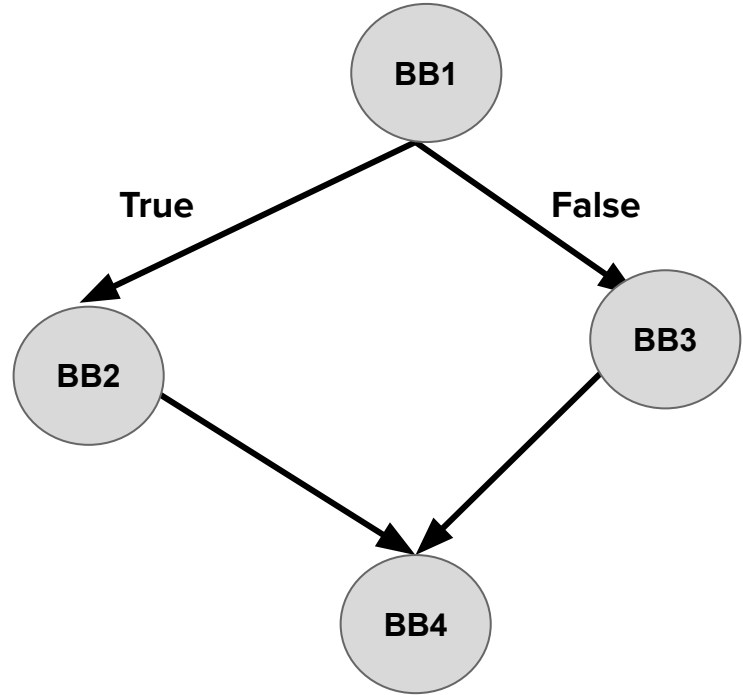
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#include <stdio.h>
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}
```



# Control Flow Graph (CFG)

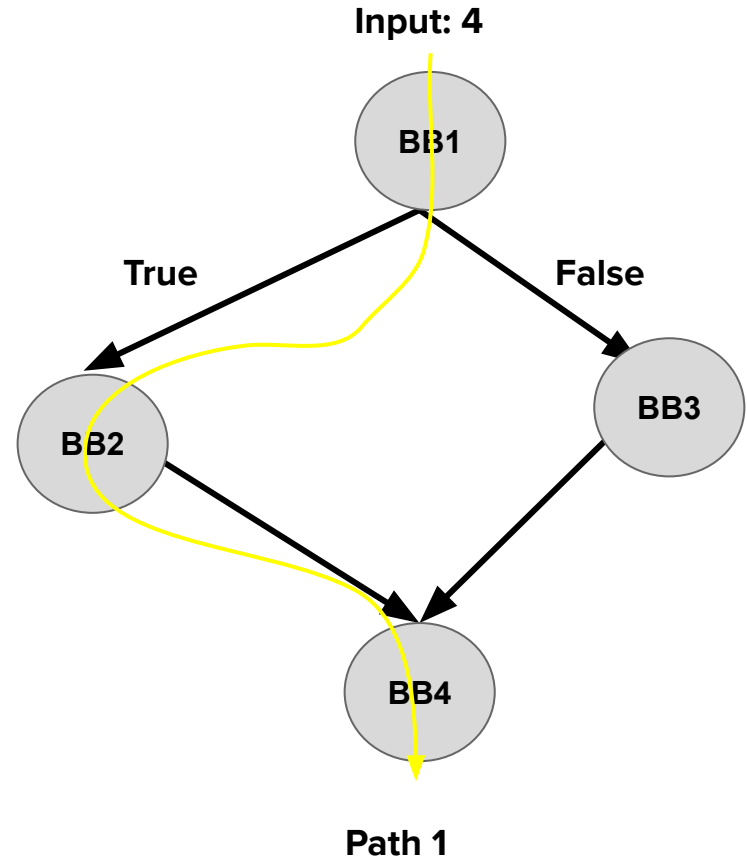
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#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int num;
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    scanf("%d", &num);
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        printf("%d is odd.", num);

    return 0;
}
```



# Execution Path

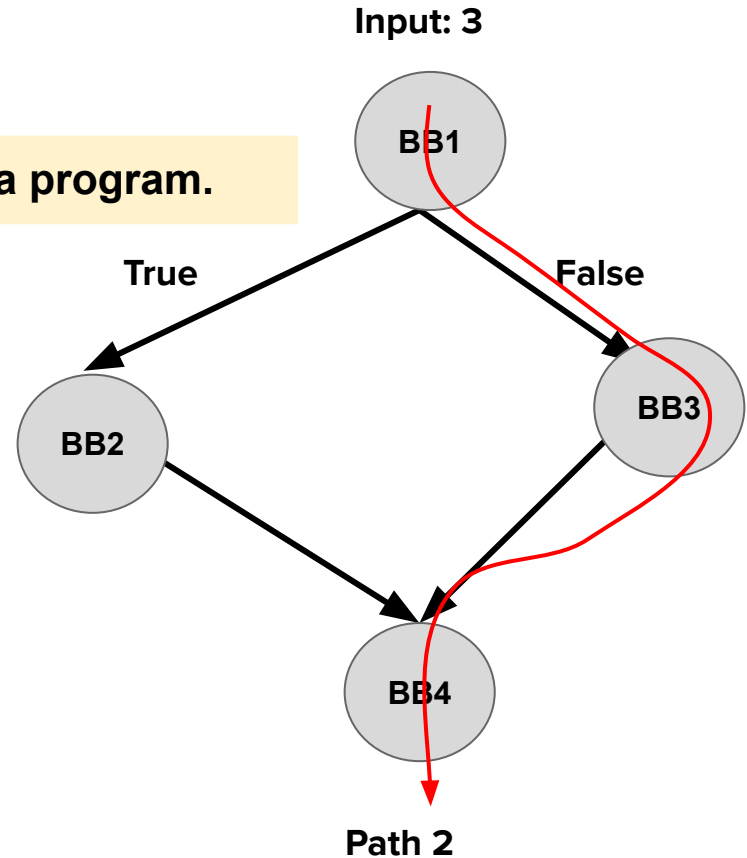
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#include <stdio.h>
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    return 0;
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```



# Execution Path

An execution path is a possible flow of control of a program.

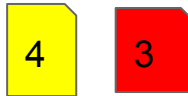
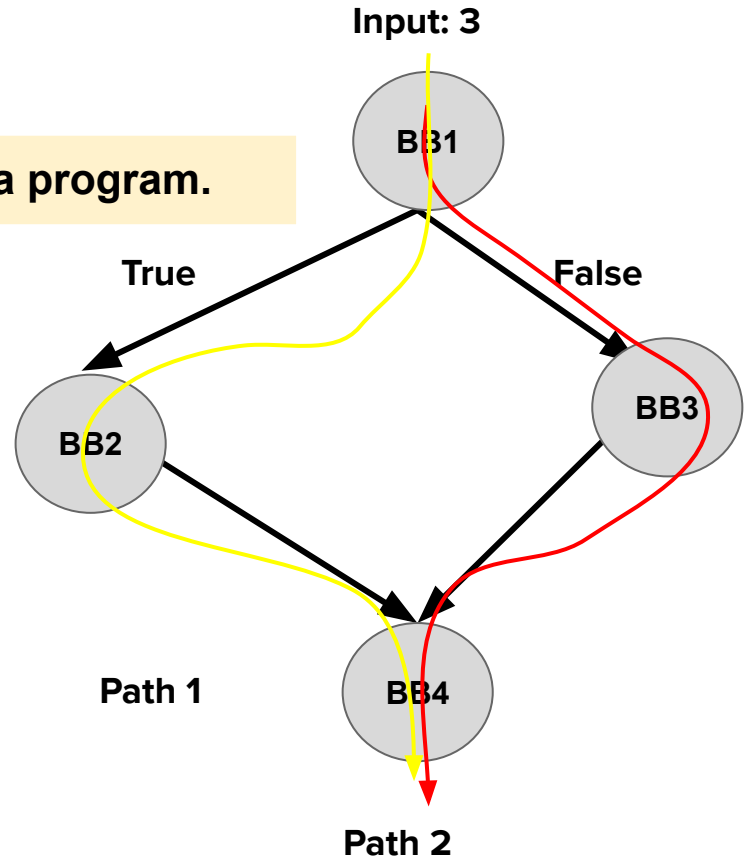
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    int num;
    printf("Enter an integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if(num % 2 == 0)
        printf("%d is even.", num);
    else
        printf("%d is odd.", num);
    return 0;
}
```



# Execution Path

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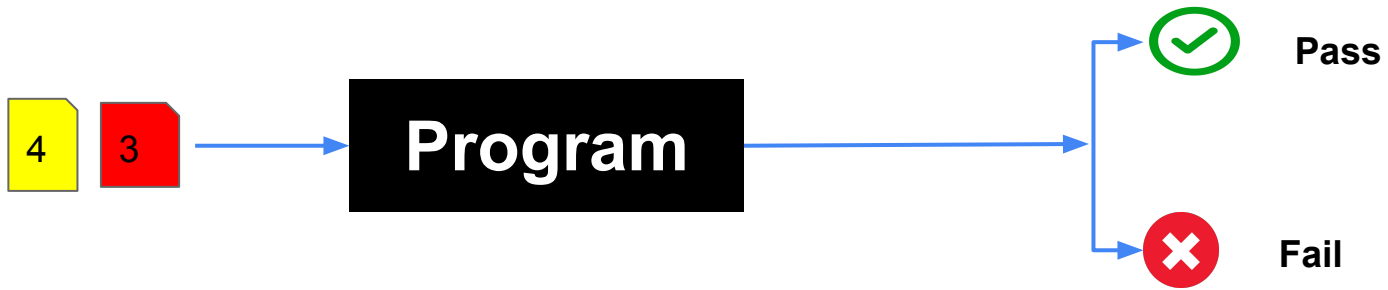
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#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int num;
    printf("Enter an integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if(num % 2 == 0)
        printf("%d is even.", num);
    else
        printf("%d is odd.", num);
    return 0;
}
```



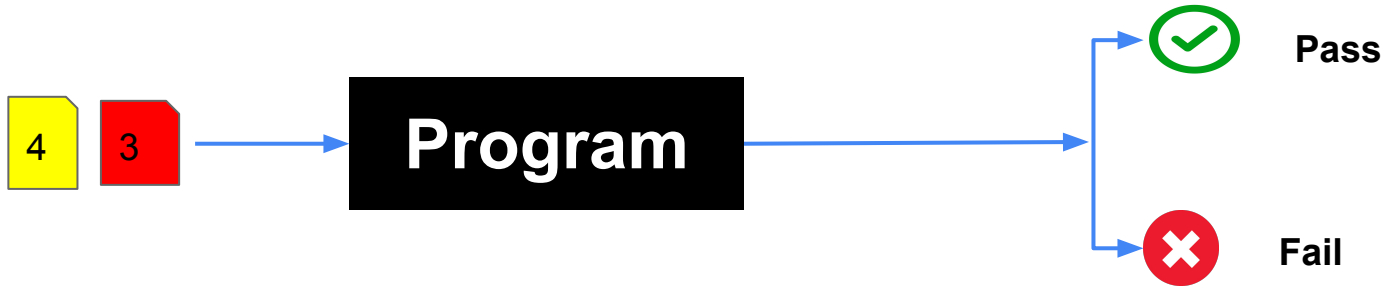
Test cases

100% Code Coverage

# Software Testing

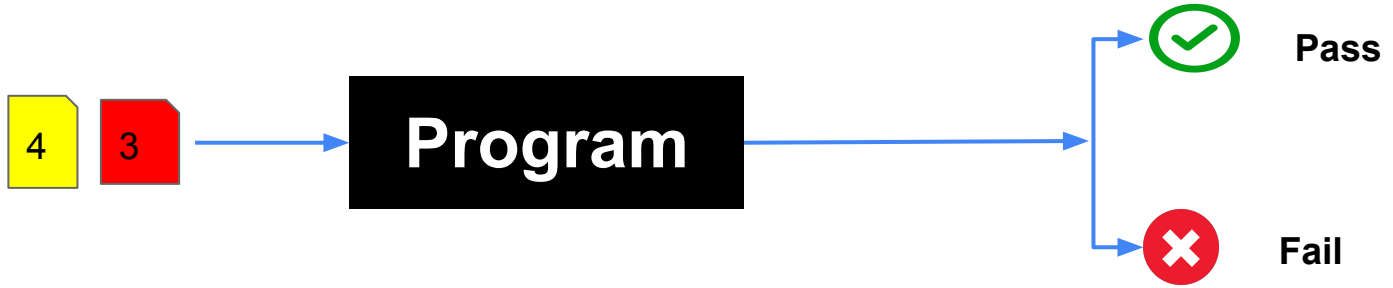


# Software Testing



Test oracle

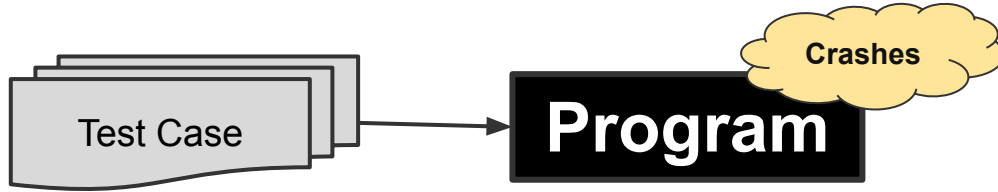
# Software Testing



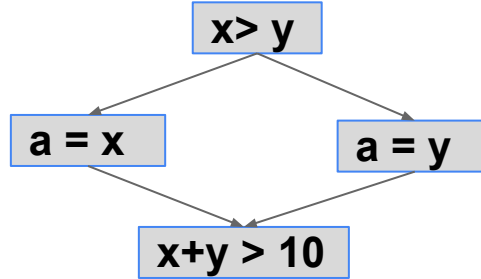
**Test case = test input + test oracle**

# Automated Software Testing

## Security Vulnerabilities

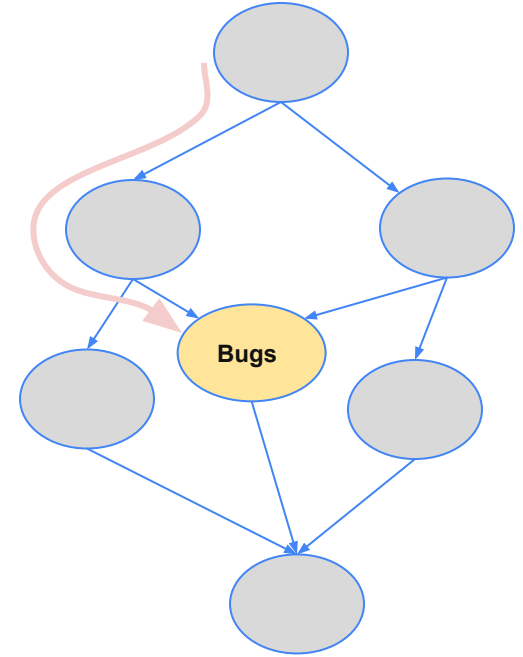


Symbolic Execution



Path-1 =  $(x > y) \wedge (x + y > 10)$

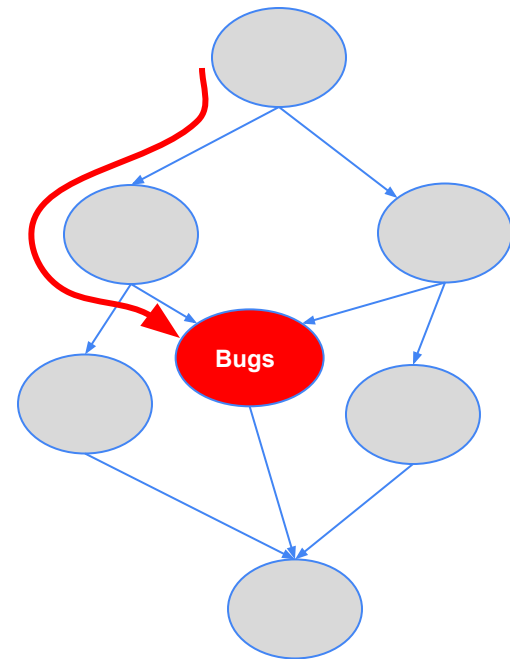
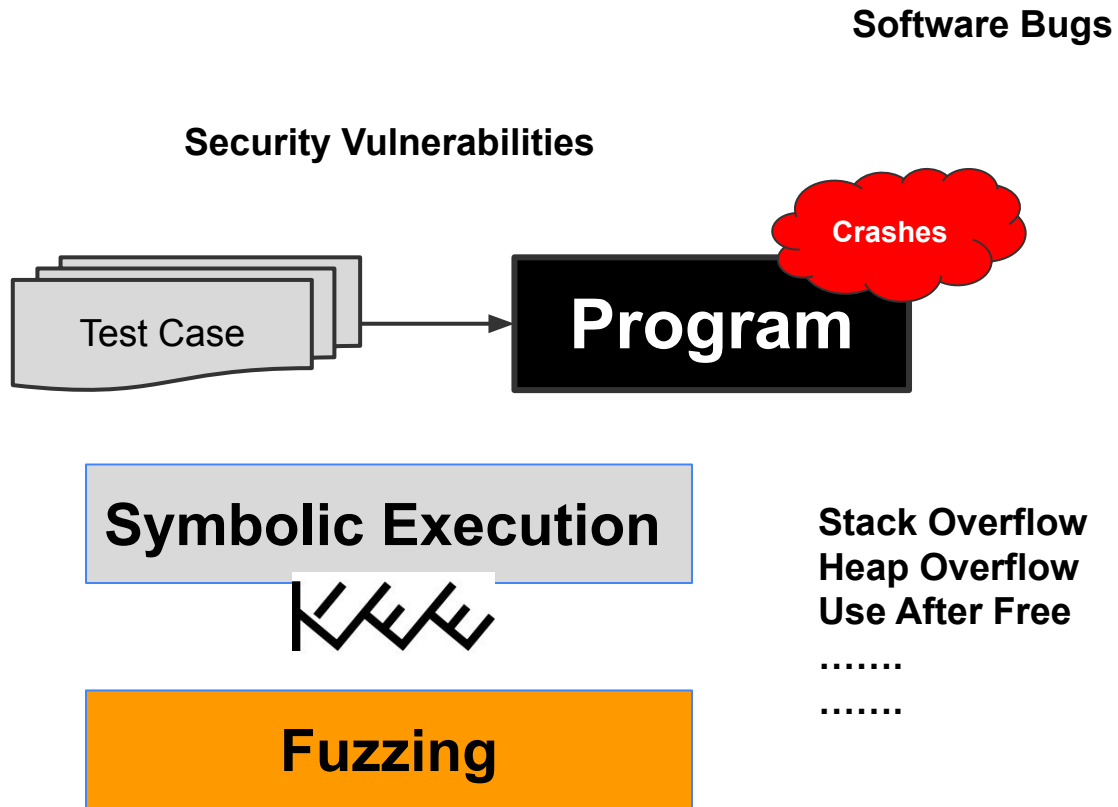
Path-2 =  $\neg (x > y) \wedge (x + y > 10)$



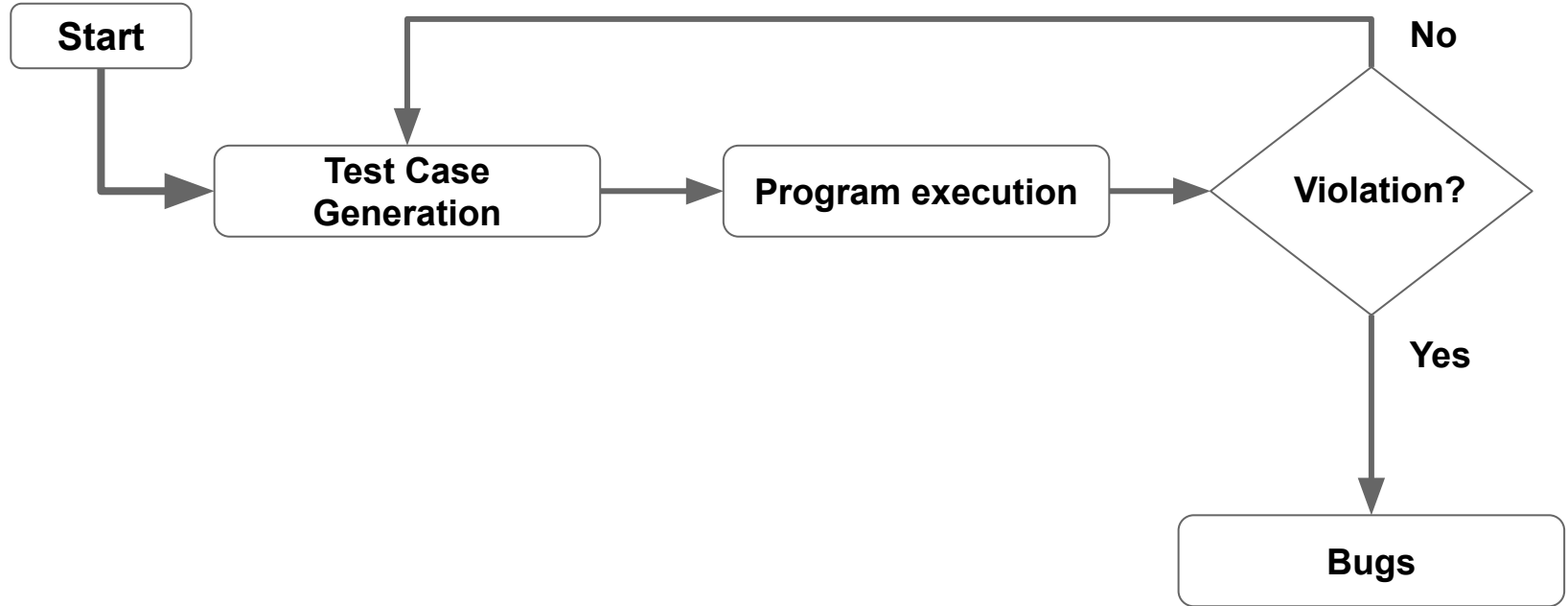
Stack Overflow  
Heap Overflow  
Use After Free

.....  
.....

# Automated Software Testing



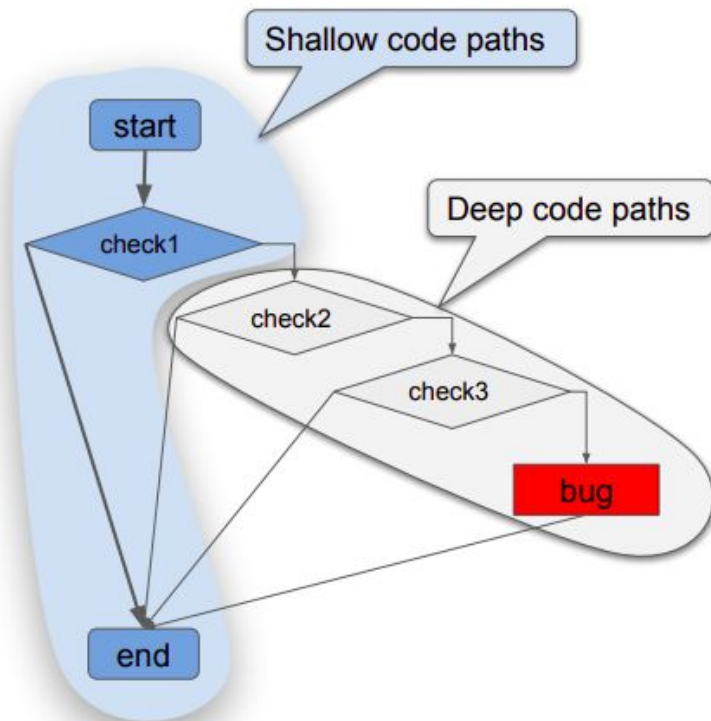
# Fuzzing



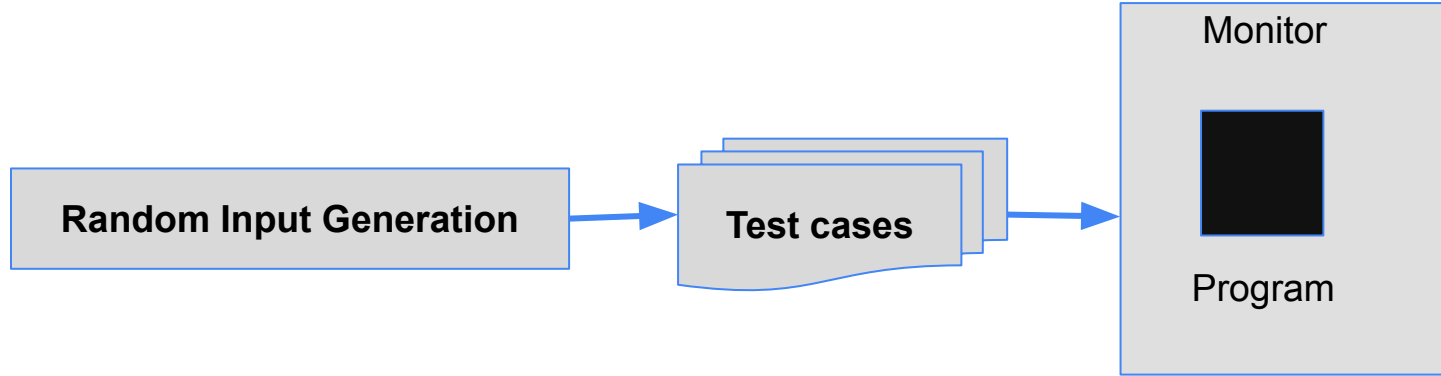
Working process of fuzzing test

# Challenges for Fuzzers

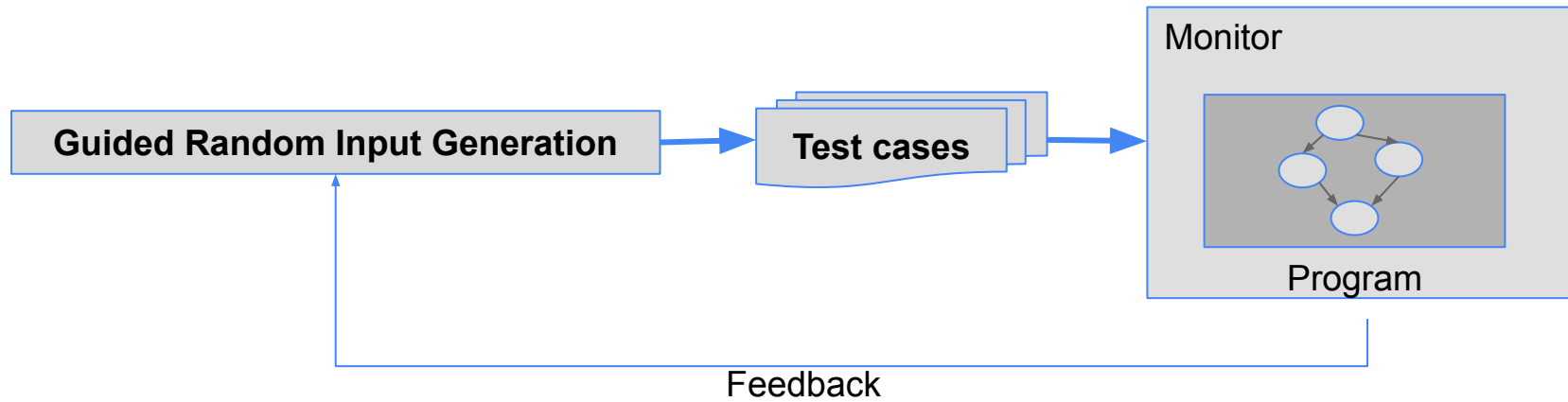
- **Challenges**
  - Shallow coverage
  - Hard to find “deep” bugs
- **Root cause**
  - Fuzzer-generated inputs cannot bypass complex sanity checks in the target program



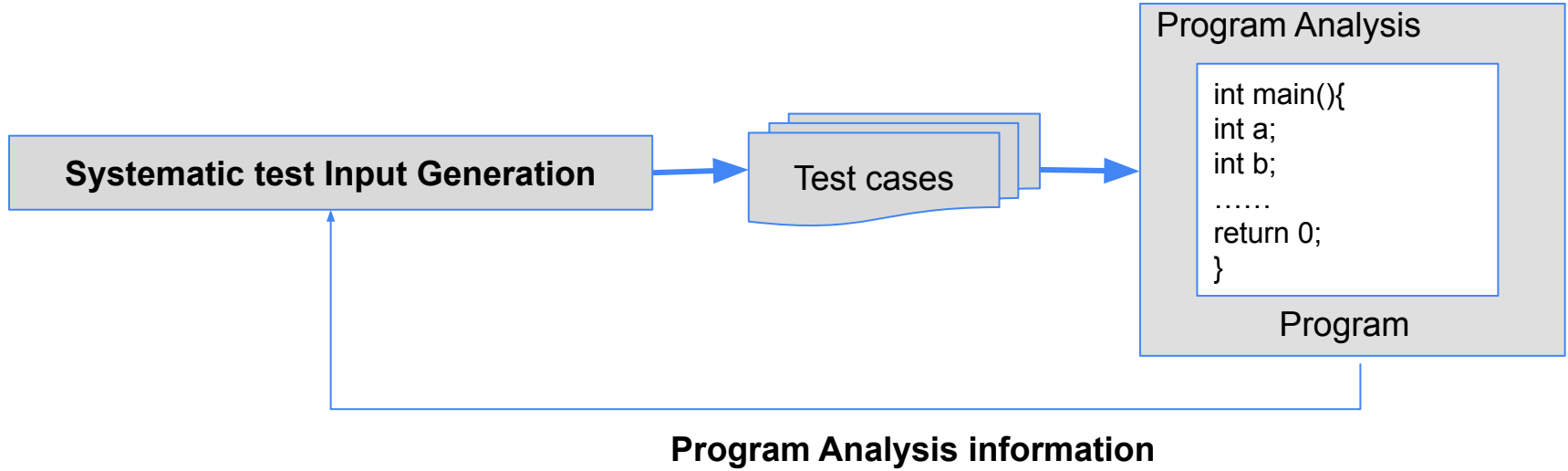
# Blackbox Fuzzing



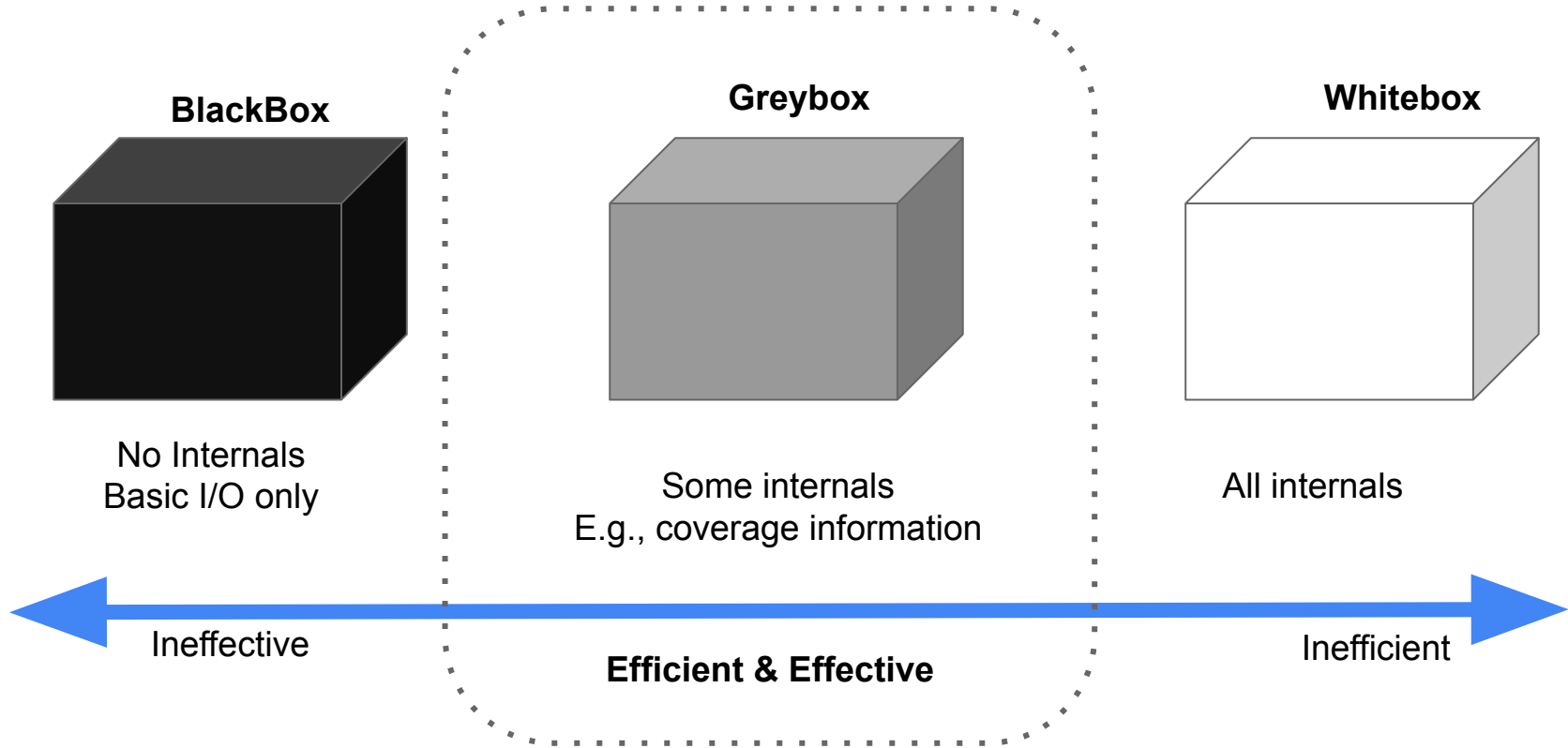
# Greybox Fuzzing



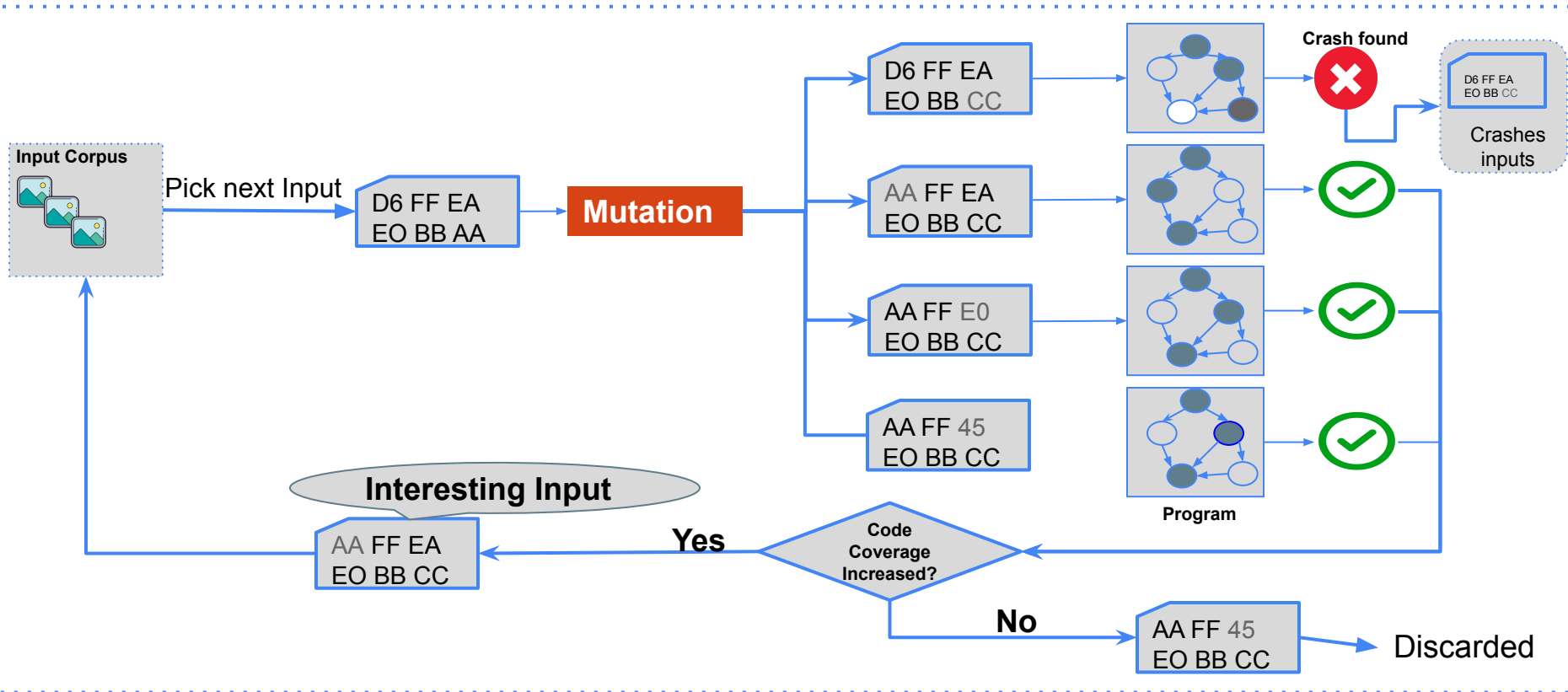
# Whitebox Fuzzing



# Type of Fuzzers



# Greybox Fuzzing



# State of the art Fuzzers

## American Fuzzy Lop plus plus (AFL++)



<https://github.com/AFLplusplus/AFLplusplus>



OSS-Fuzz - continuous fuzzing for open source software.



<https://google.github.io/oss-fuzz>

# Getting into Computer Systems Security

./ [pwn.college](#)

Learn to hack!

## Welcome to pwn.college!

pwn.college is an education platform for students (and other interested parties) to learn about, and practice, core cybersecurity concepts in a hands-on fashion. In martial arts terms, it is designed to take a “white belt” in cybersecurity to becoming a “blue belt”, able to approach (simple) CTFs and wargames. The philosophy of pwn.college is “practice makes perfect”.

pwn.college was created by [Zardus \(Yan Shoshitaishvili\)](#) and [kanak \(Connor Nelson\)](#) at Arizona State University. It powers ASU’s Computer Systems Security course, CSE466, and is now open, for free, to participation for interested people around the world!



Yan Shoshitaishvili

```
>> Module 0: Introduction
>> Module 1: Program Interaction
>> Module 2: Program Misuse
>> Module 3: Assembly Refresher
>> Module 4: Shellcoding
>> Module 5: Sandboxing
>> Module 6: Debugging Refresher
>> Module 7: Binary Reverse Engineering
>> Module 8: Memory Errors
>> Module 9: Exploitation
>> Module A: Return Oriented Programming
>> Module B: Dynamic Allocator Misuse
>> Module C: Race Conditions
>> Module D: Kernel Security
>> Module E: Advanced Exploitation
```



LiveOverflow ✓

679K subscribers

# Bonus

hackerone



# Bug Bounty Program

**Thank you for your attention!**

